

## Synagis Birthday Guidelines 2013-2014 RSV Season

At High Risk for Severe RSV Disease	Birthday/Age	Additional Criteria
Premature infants:		
≤ 28 weeks GA	Born on/after November 1, 2012	• ≤ 12 months of age at the start of RSV season
29-31 weeks GA	Born on/after May 1, 2013	<ul> <li>Up to 31 weeks and 6 days GA</li> <li>≤ 6 months of age at the start of RSV season</li> </ul>
32-34 weeks GA	< 90 days of age	<ul> <li>Up to 34 weeks and 6 days GA</li> <li>≤ 12 weeks of age at the start of RSV season or less than 90 days of age if during the season</li> <li>Presence of at least one of the following risk factors:         <ul> <li>Daycare attendance</li> <li>Sibling(s) &lt; 5 years of age</li> </ul> </li> <li>Maximum of 3 doses</li> </ul>
Children with:		
Chronic lung disease of prematurity (CLDP) or bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD)	Born on/after November 1, 2011	<ul> <li>≤ 24 months of age at start of RSV season, and has received medical treatment for CLDP/BPD within 6 months of the start of the RSV season</li> <li>Examples of therapies include supplemental oxygen, bronchodilator, diuretic, or corticosteroid therapy</li> </ul>
Hemodynamically significant congenital heart disease (CHD)	Born on/after November 1, 2011	<ul> <li>≤ 24 months of age at start of RSV season</li> <li>Receiving medication to control congestive heart failure</li> <li>Has moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension</li> <li>Has cyanotic heart disease</li> </ul>
Neuromuscular disorder or significant congenital airway anomaly	≤ 12 months	<ul> <li>Neuromuscular disorder or significant congenital airway anomaly that compromises the handling of respiratory tract secretions.</li> </ul>

References

Meissner, H. C, & Bocchini, J. A. (2009). Reducing RSV hospitalizations: AAP modifies recommendations for use of palivizuamb in high-risk infants, young children. AAP News 30(1). doi: 10.1542/aapnews.2009307-1